



# **Biomass Management: Ranking Management Options For Wood, Yard Debris & Food Scraps**

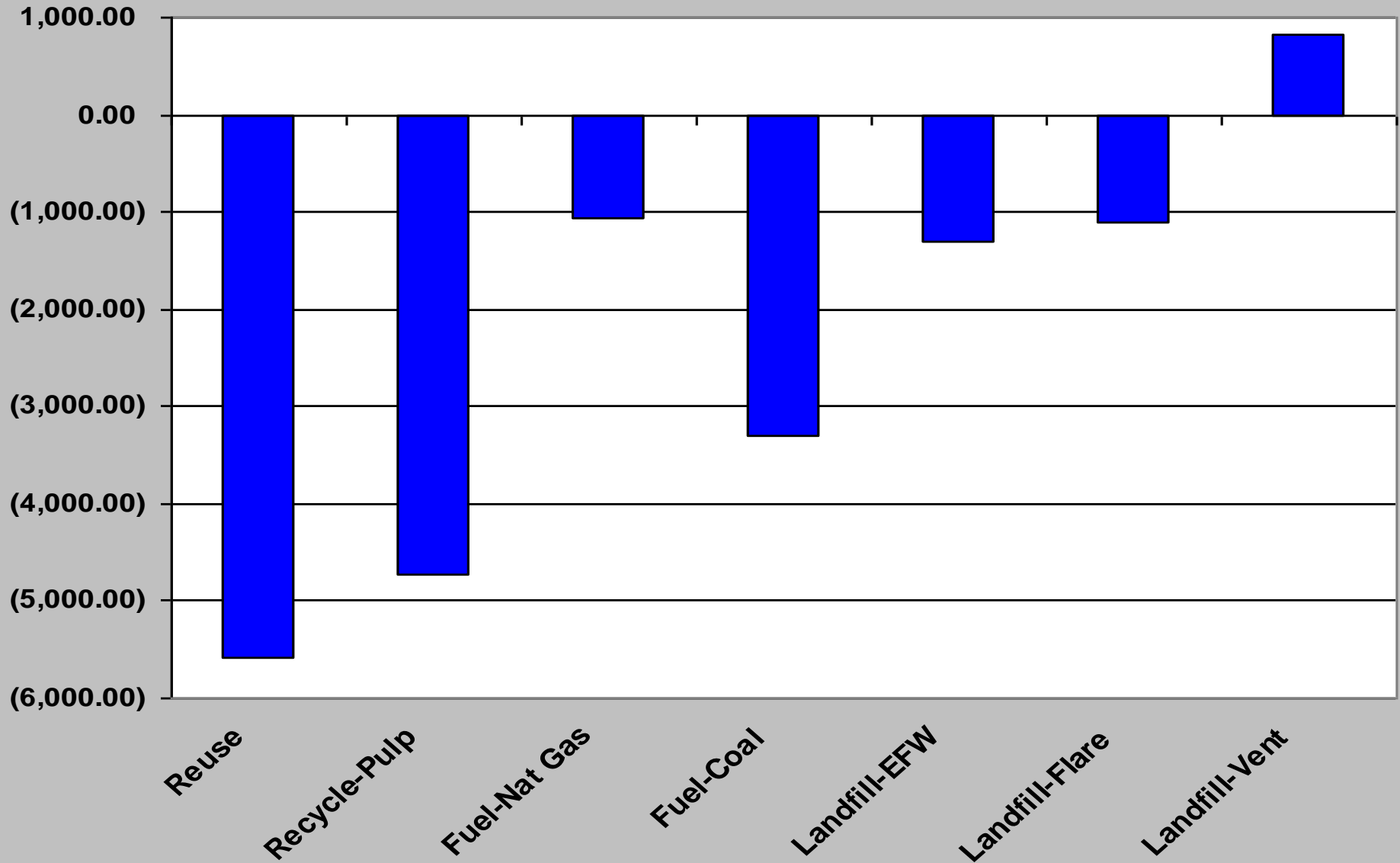
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# CO2 Emissions: Clean Wood Waste Management Options (pounds/ton)

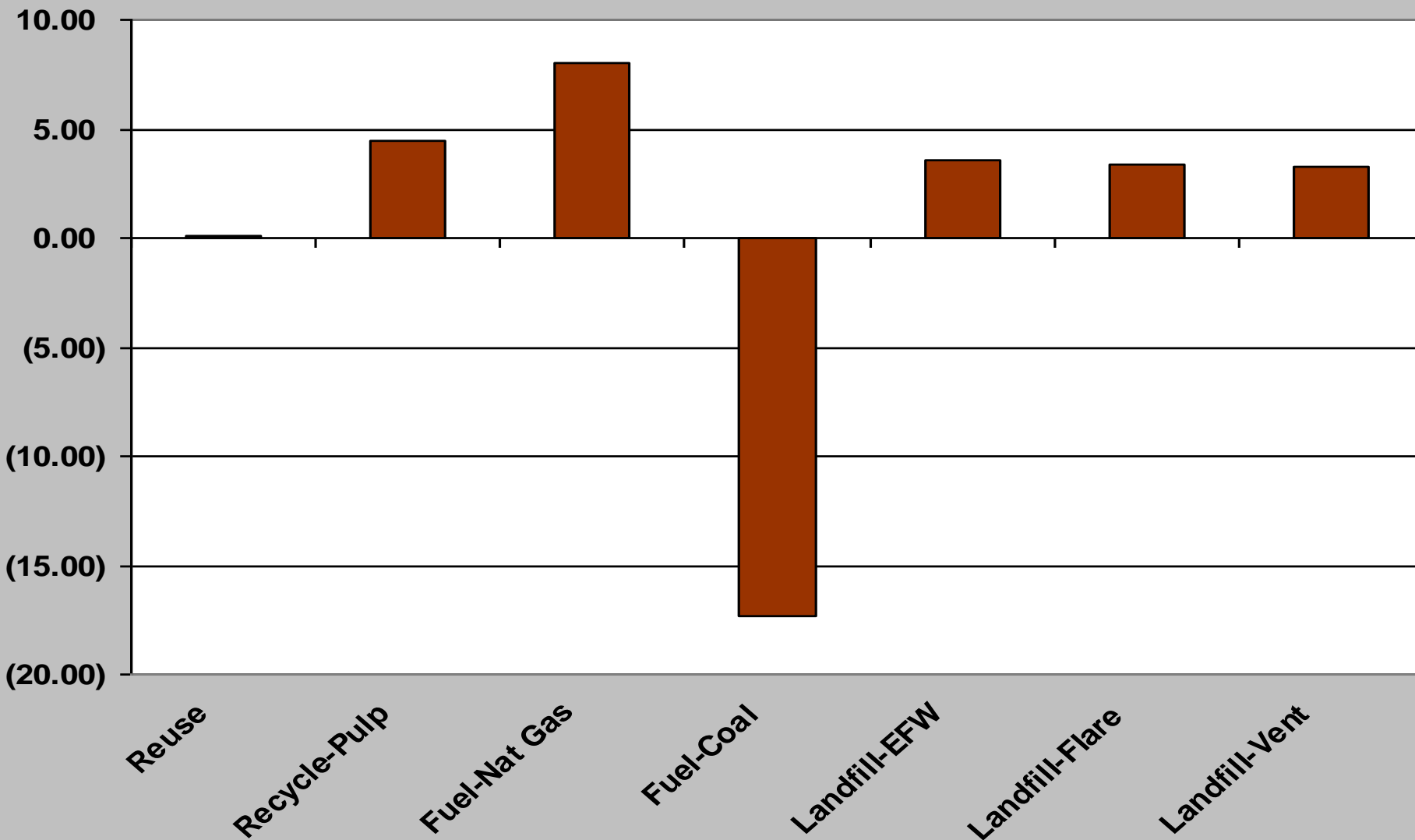
	Reuse	Recycle To Paper Pulp	Fuel Replace Nat. Gas	Fuel Replace Coal	Landfill Recover Energy	Landfill Flare LFG	Landfill Vent LFG
<b><u>Emissions</u></b>							
<b><i>New Wood Production</i></b>		.5*660 + .5*673 = 666	.5*660 + .5*673 = 666	.5*660 + .5*673 = 666	.5*660 + .5*673 = 666	.5*660 + .5*673 = 666	.5*660 + .5*673 = 666
<b><i>Processing &amp; Chipping</i></b>		141	141	141			
<b><i>Chip Storage</i></b>		100	100	100			
<b><i>Hauling</i></b>	6	29	17	17	12	12	12
<b><i>Combustion</i></b>			68	68			
<b><i>Biodegradation</i></b>					647	647	2,587
<b><i>Internal Combustion Engine for Electricity Generating Equipment</i></b>					0		
<b><i>Landfill Gas (LFG) Flare</i></b>						0	
<b><i>Landfill Operations</i></b>					66	66	66
<b><u>Offsets</u></b>							
<b><i>Carbon Storage</i></b>	-2,878	-2,878			-2,506	-2,506	-2,506
<b><i>Tree Harvest</i></b>	-2,700	-2,700					
<b><i>Pulping Wood Production</i></b>		-92					
<b><i>Natural Gas Production &amp; Combustion</i></b>			-2,066		-182		
<b><i>Coal Production &amp; Combustion</i></b>				-4,299			
<b>Net Emissions</b>	<b>-5,572</b>	<b>-4,733</b>	<b>-1,072</b>	<b>-3,306</b>	<b>-1,297</b>	<b>-1,115</b>	<b>825</b>

# CO2 Emissions: Clean Wood Waste Management Options (lbs. eCO2/ton)



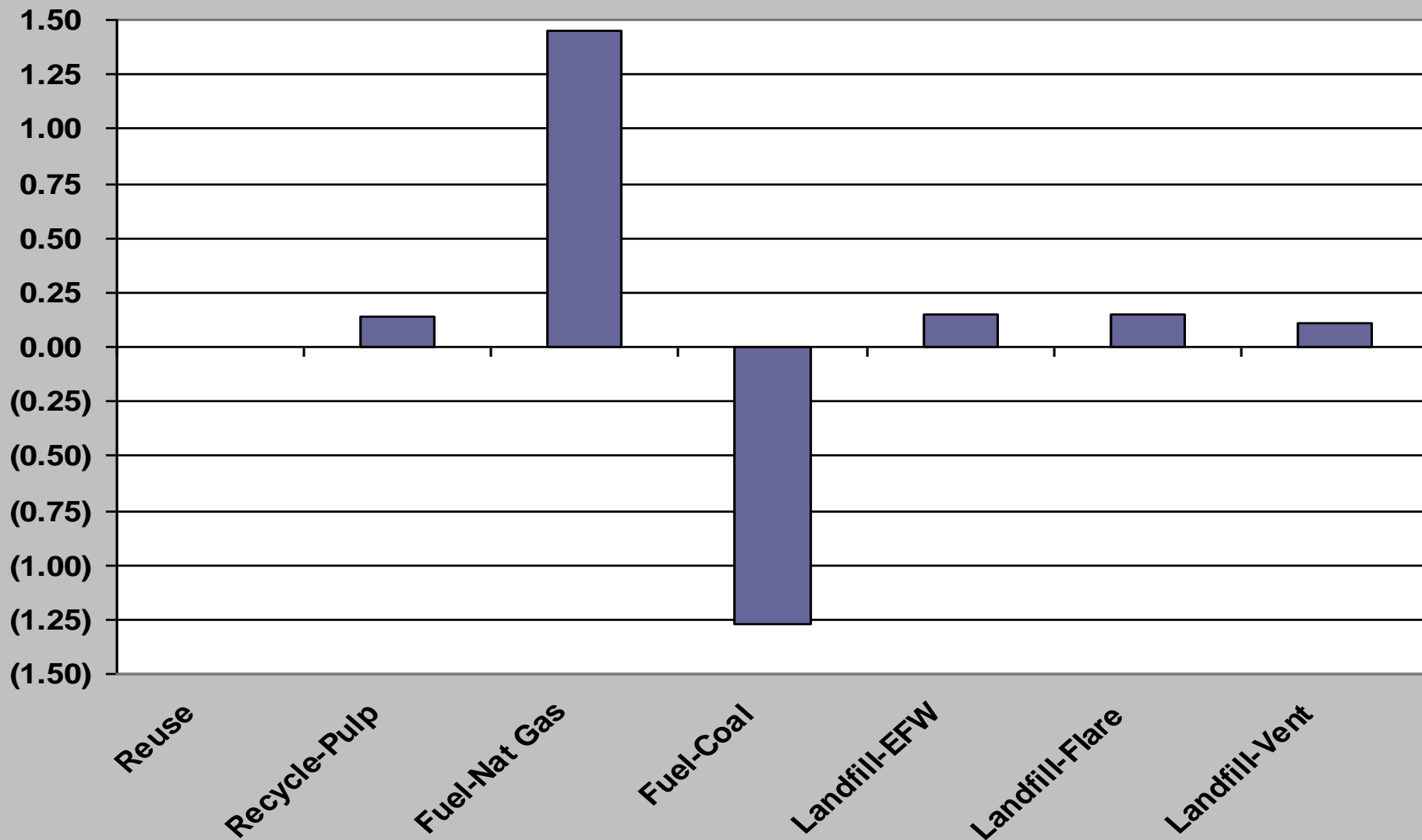


# Acidification: Clean Wood Waste Management Options (lbs. eSO<sub>2</sub>/ton)

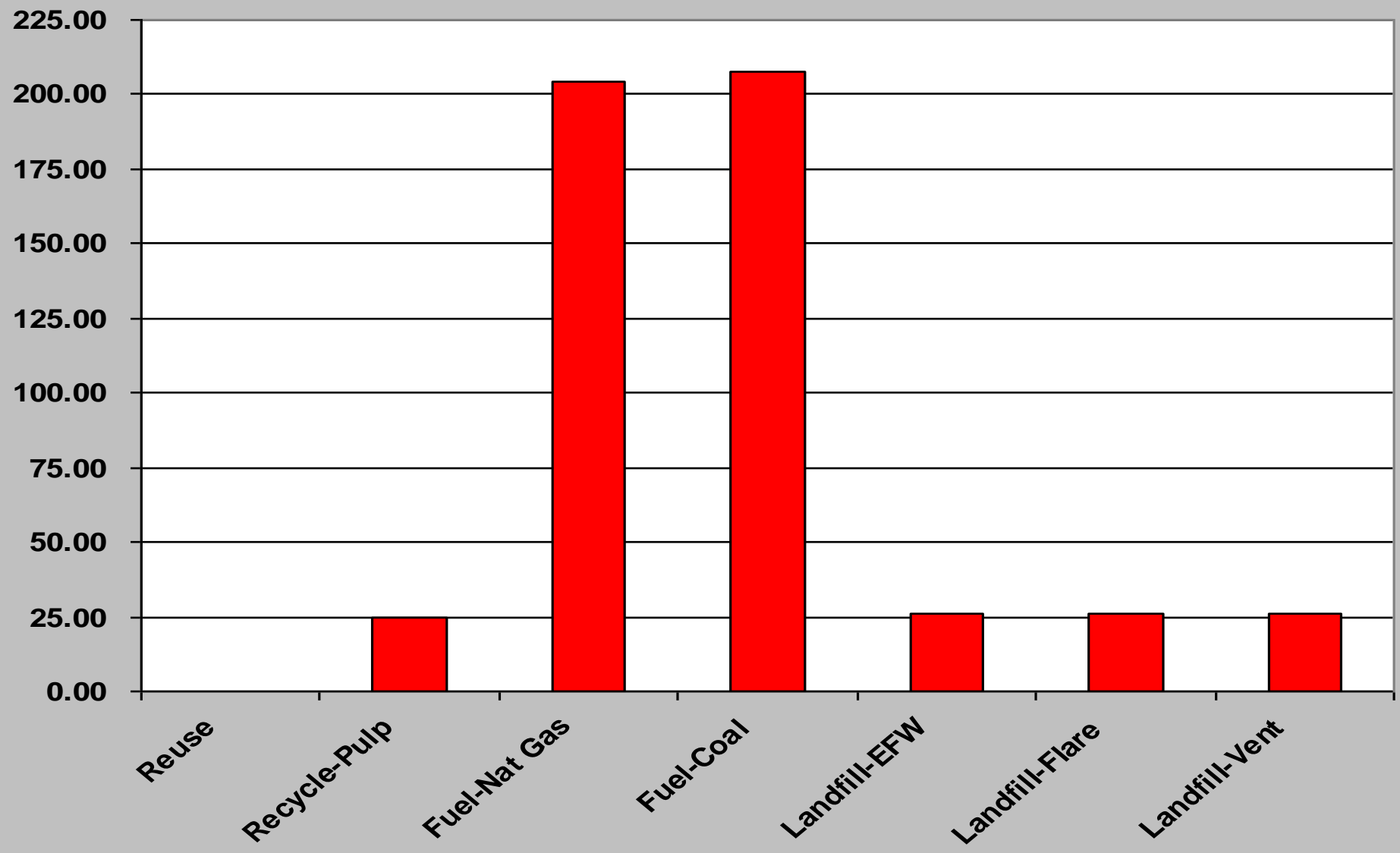




# EcoToxics: Clean Wood Waste Management Options (lbs. e2,4-D/ton)

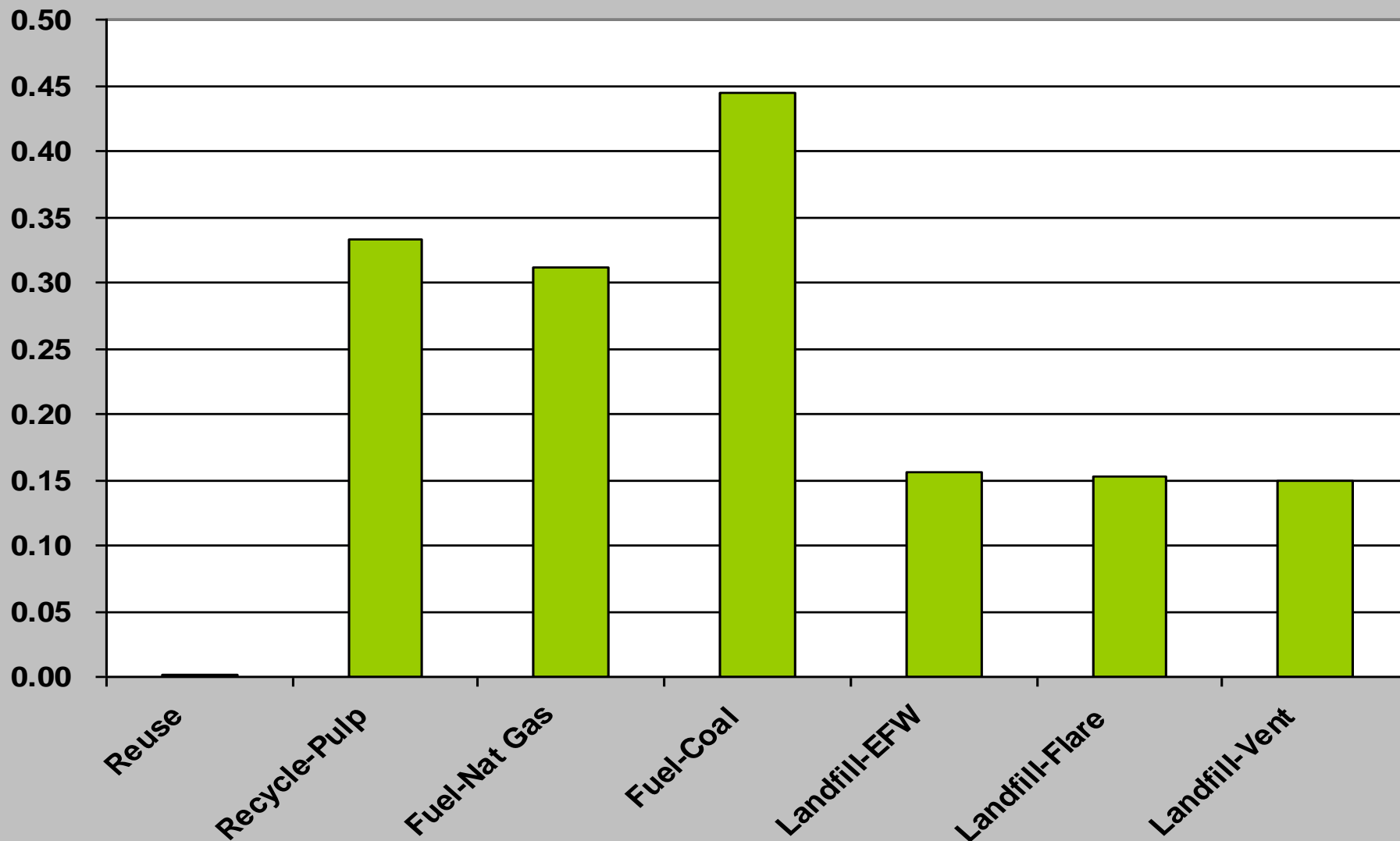


# Human Toxics: Clean Wood Waste Management Options (#s eToluene/ton)





# Eutrophication: Clean Wood Waste Management Options (lbs eN/ton)





# Value of Pollution Reductions

LCA Impact	Economic Cost (US\$/ton)
Climate Change	\$36 eCO <sub>2</sub>
Human Health - Particulates	10,000 ePM <sub>2.5</sub>
Human Health - Toxins	118 eToluene
Human Health - Carcinogens	3,030 eBenzene
Ecosystems Toxics	3,280 e2,4D
Acidification	661 eSO <sub>2</sub>
Eutrophication	4 eNitrogen

# Environmental Value for Wood Waste Management Options

Pounds of Impact Category Emissions Released/(Reduced) Per Ton of Wood Waste

Impact Category	<u>Lumber Reuse</u>	<u>Recycling to Paper Pulp</u>	<u>Fuel Sub for Natural Gas</u>	<u>Fuel Sub for Coal</u>	<u>Landfill - LFG Energy</u>	<u>Landfill - LFG Flare</u>	<u>Landfill - LFG Vent</u>
Climate Change (eCO2)	-5,572.18	-4,732.40	-1,072.24	-3,306.48	-1,296.94	-1,115.18	824.89
Acidification (eSO2)	0.05	4.42	8.04	(17.35)	3.58	3.35	3.30
Eutrophication (eN)	0.00	0.33	0.31	0.44	0.16	0.15	0.15
Particulates (ePM2.5)	0.01	3.10	6.72	0.49	3.09	3.03	3.02
Human Toxics (eT)	0.00	24.37	204.49	207.66	26.02	26.03	26.02
Human Carcinogens (eB)	0.00	0.00	0.16	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00
Ecosystems Toxicity (e2,4-D)	0.00	0.14	1.45	(1.27)	0.14	0.15	0.11
Environmental Benefit/(Cost)	\$100	\$67	(\$32)	\$52	\$5	\$2	(\$33)
-- with metals emissions	\$100	\$26	(\$699)	(\$563)	(\$39)	(\$41)	(\$75)

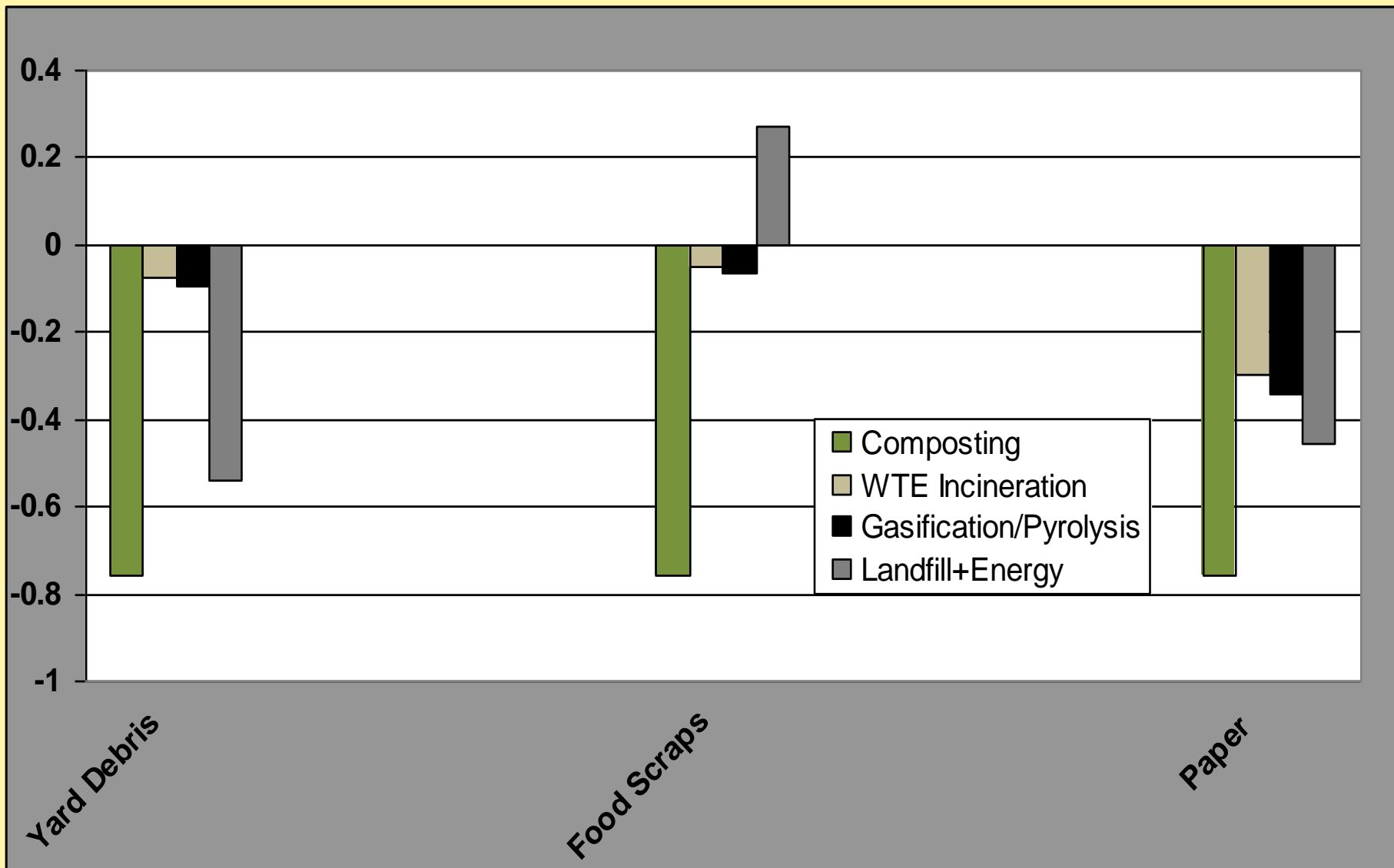


# Definitions of Terms on Graphs

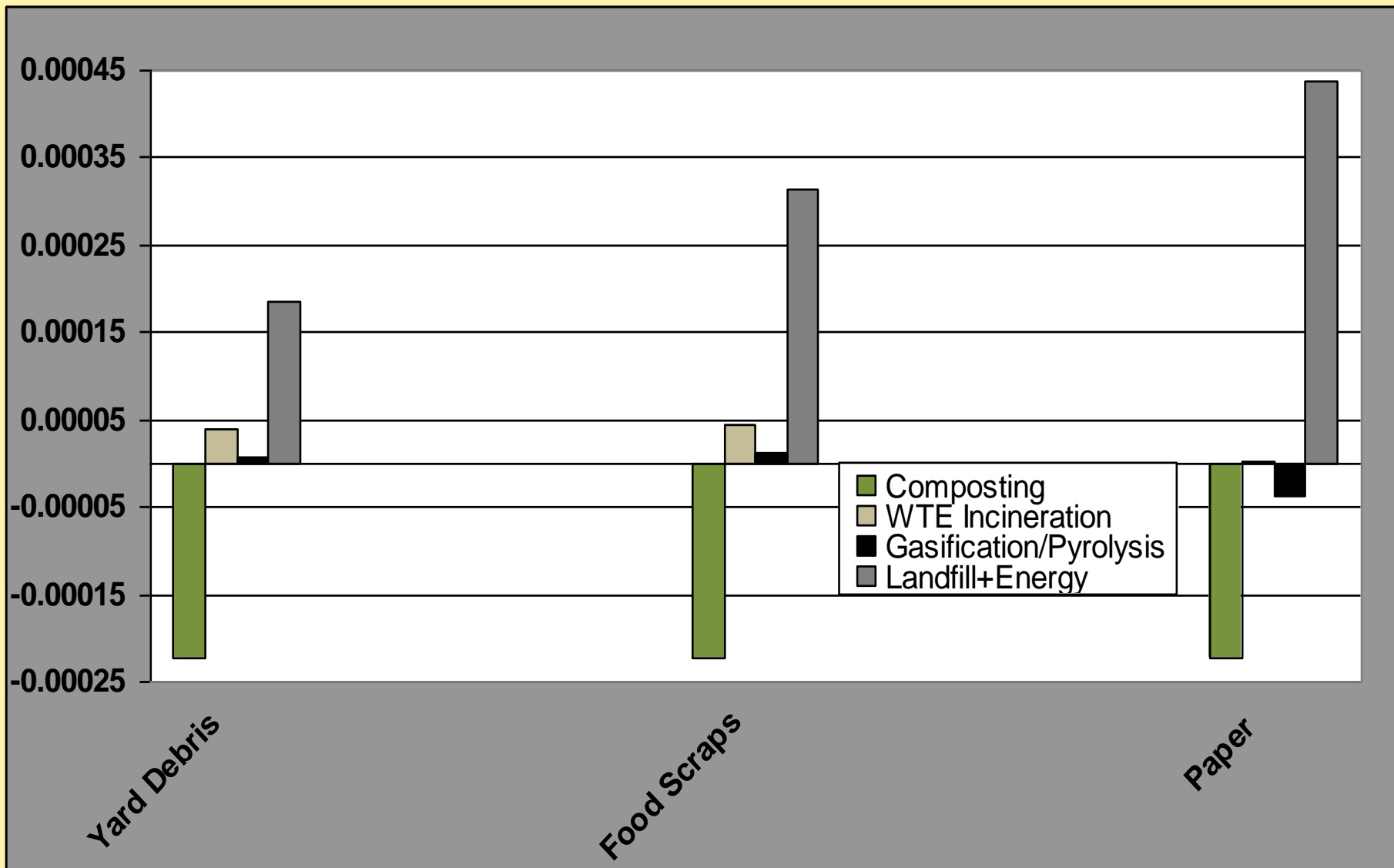
1. Composting: aerobic composting
2. WTE Incineration: mass burn thermal conversion/  
advanced thermal recycling (offset to natural gas  
powered electricity generation)
3. Gasification/Pyrolysis: averages for advanced thermal  
conversion technologies (offset to nat. gas electricity)
4. Landfill+Energy: 75% methane capture & conversion to  
electricity via an internal combustion engine (offset to  
natural gas electricity)



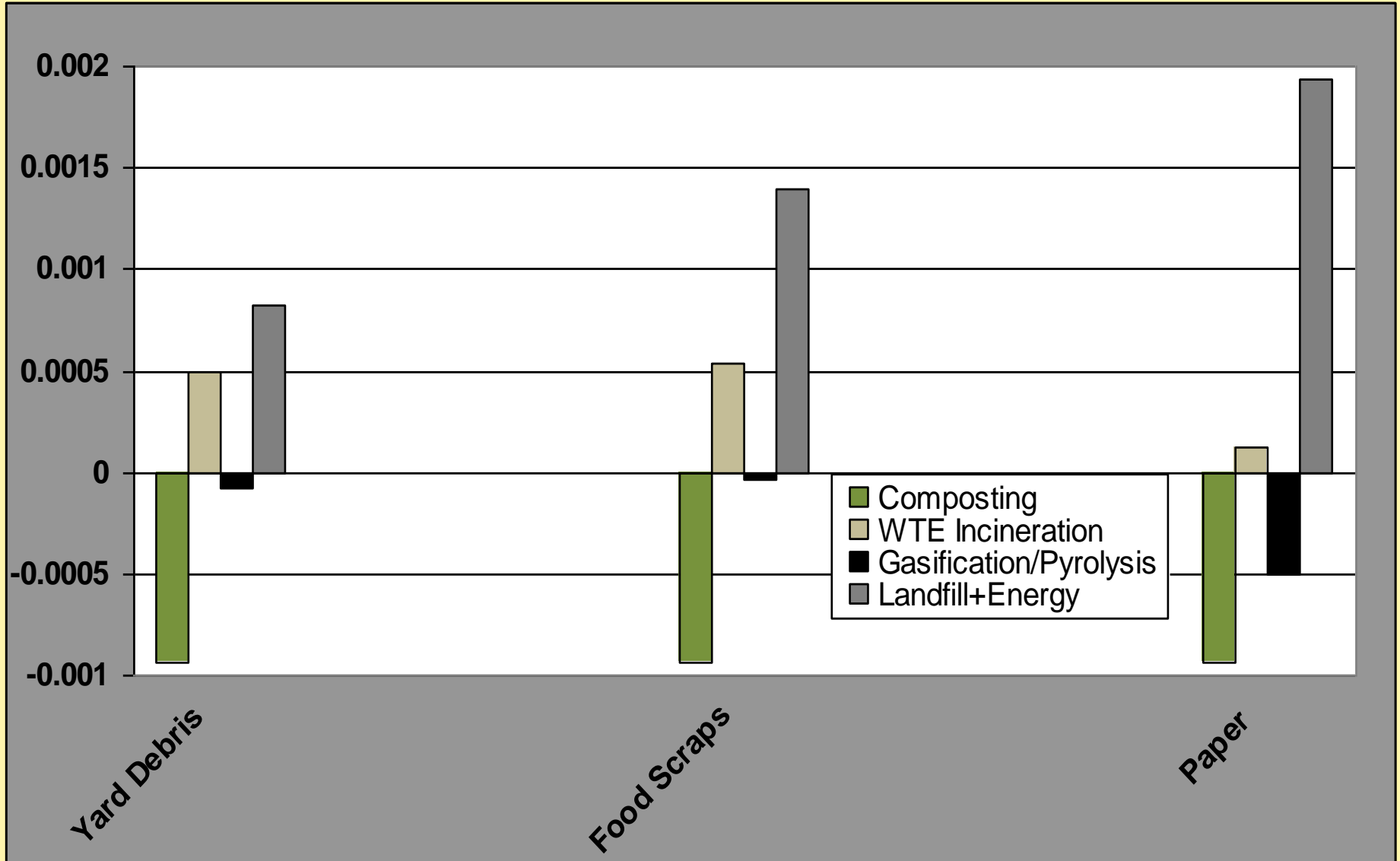
# CO2 Emissions: Composting vs. Disposal (tons eCO2/ton)



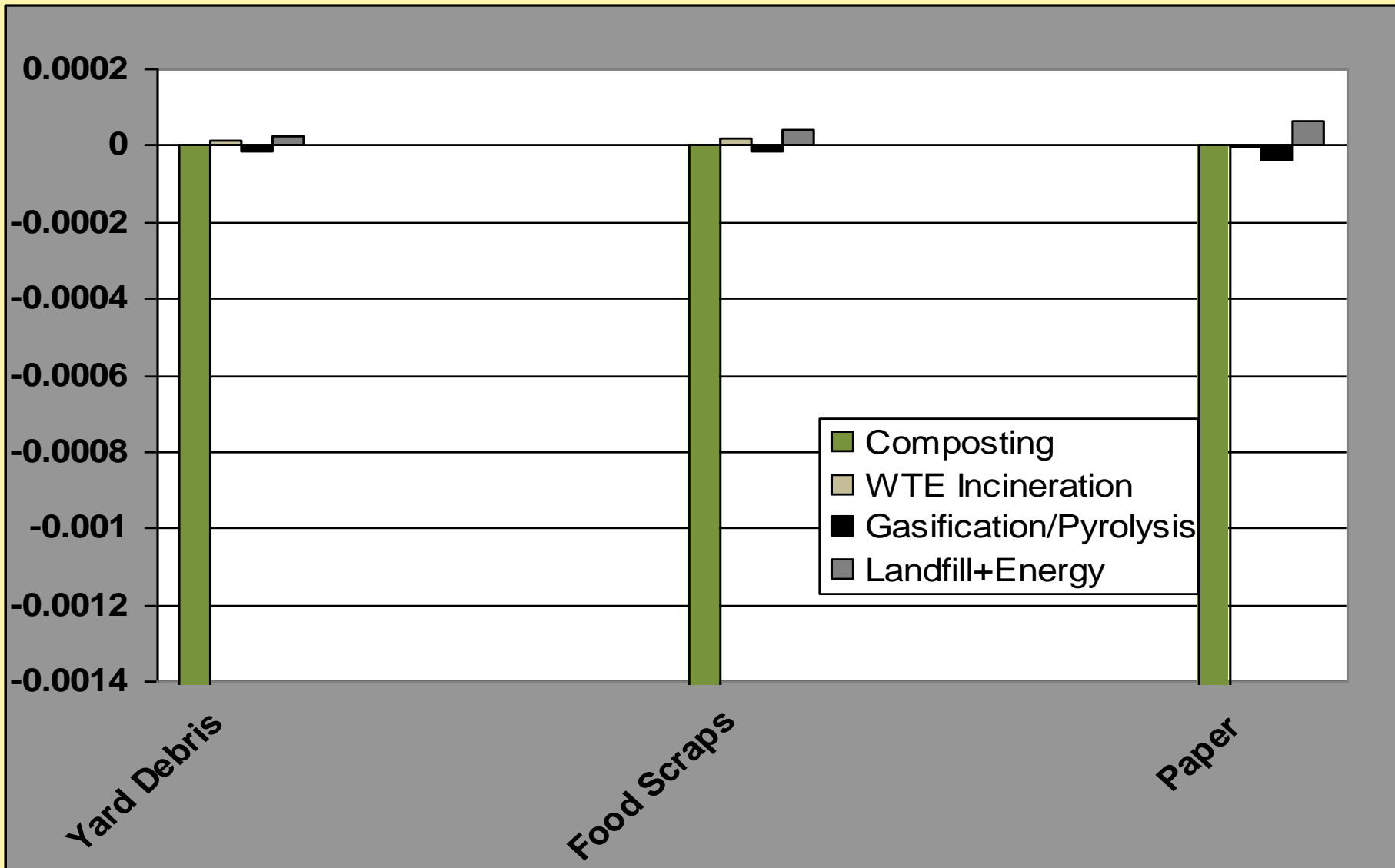
# Particulate Emissions: Composting vs. Disposal (tons ePM2.5/ton)



# Acidifying Emissions: Composting vs. Disposal (tons eSO<sub>2</sub>/ton)

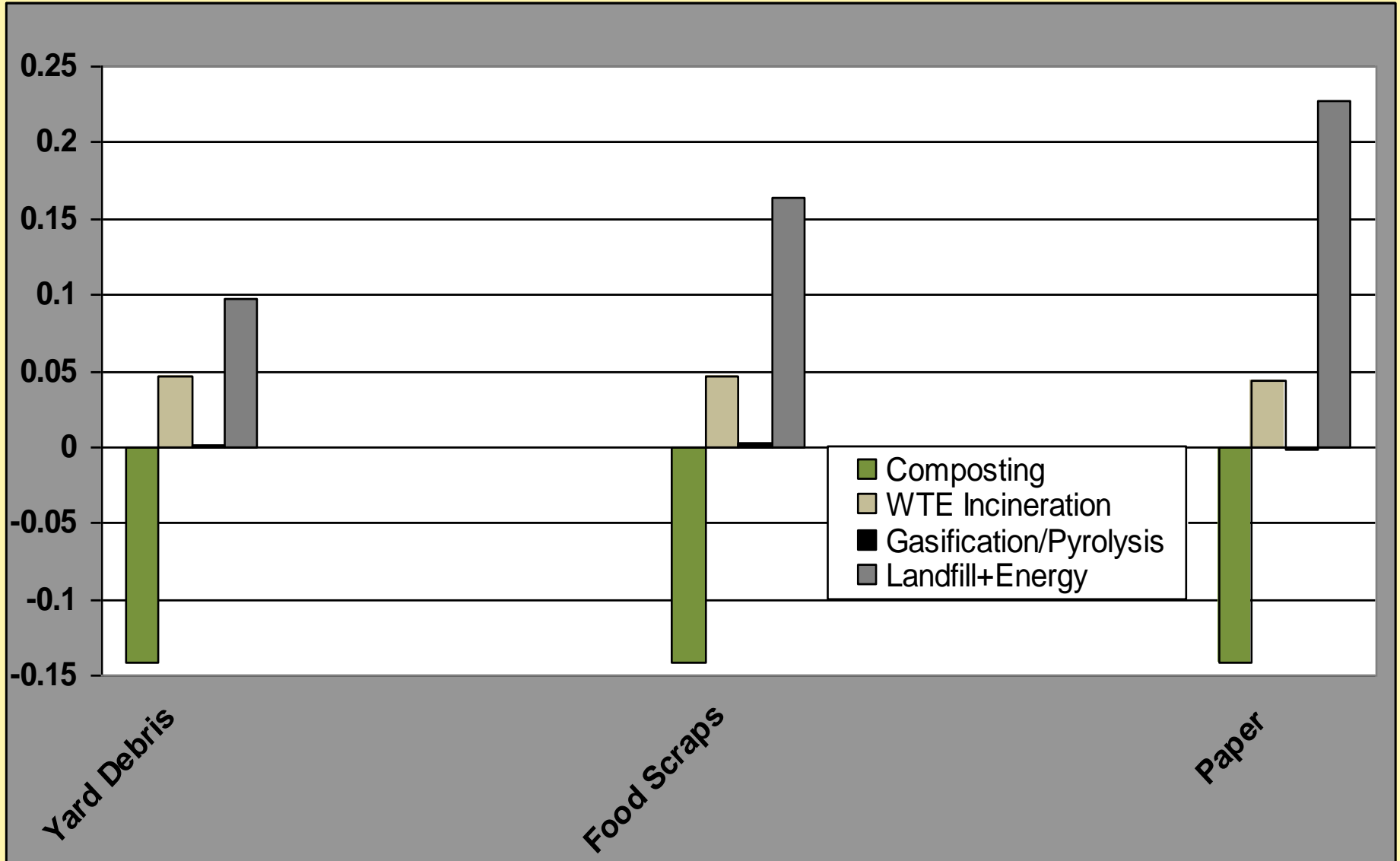


# Eutrophying Emissions: Composting vs. Disposal (tons eN/ton)

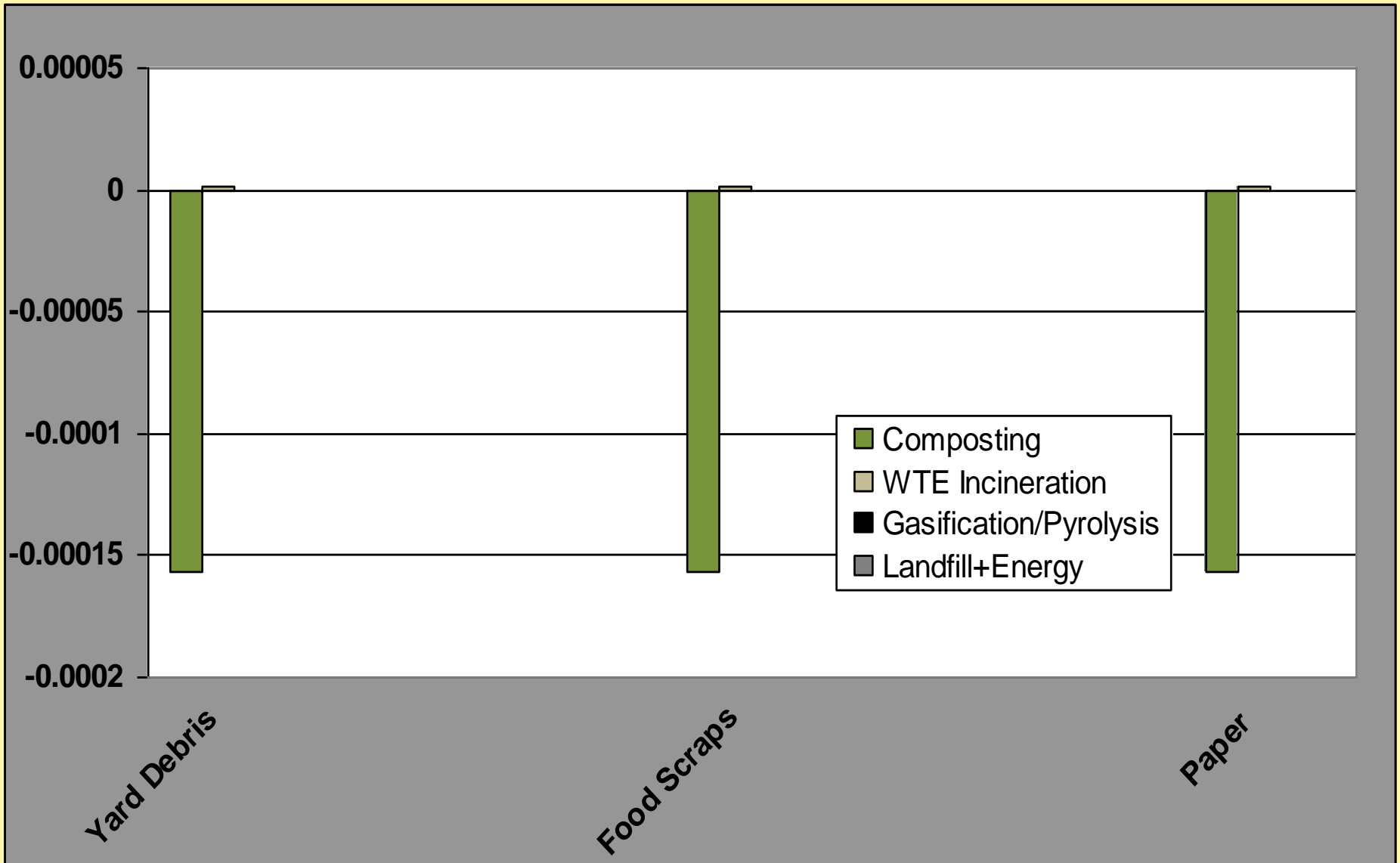




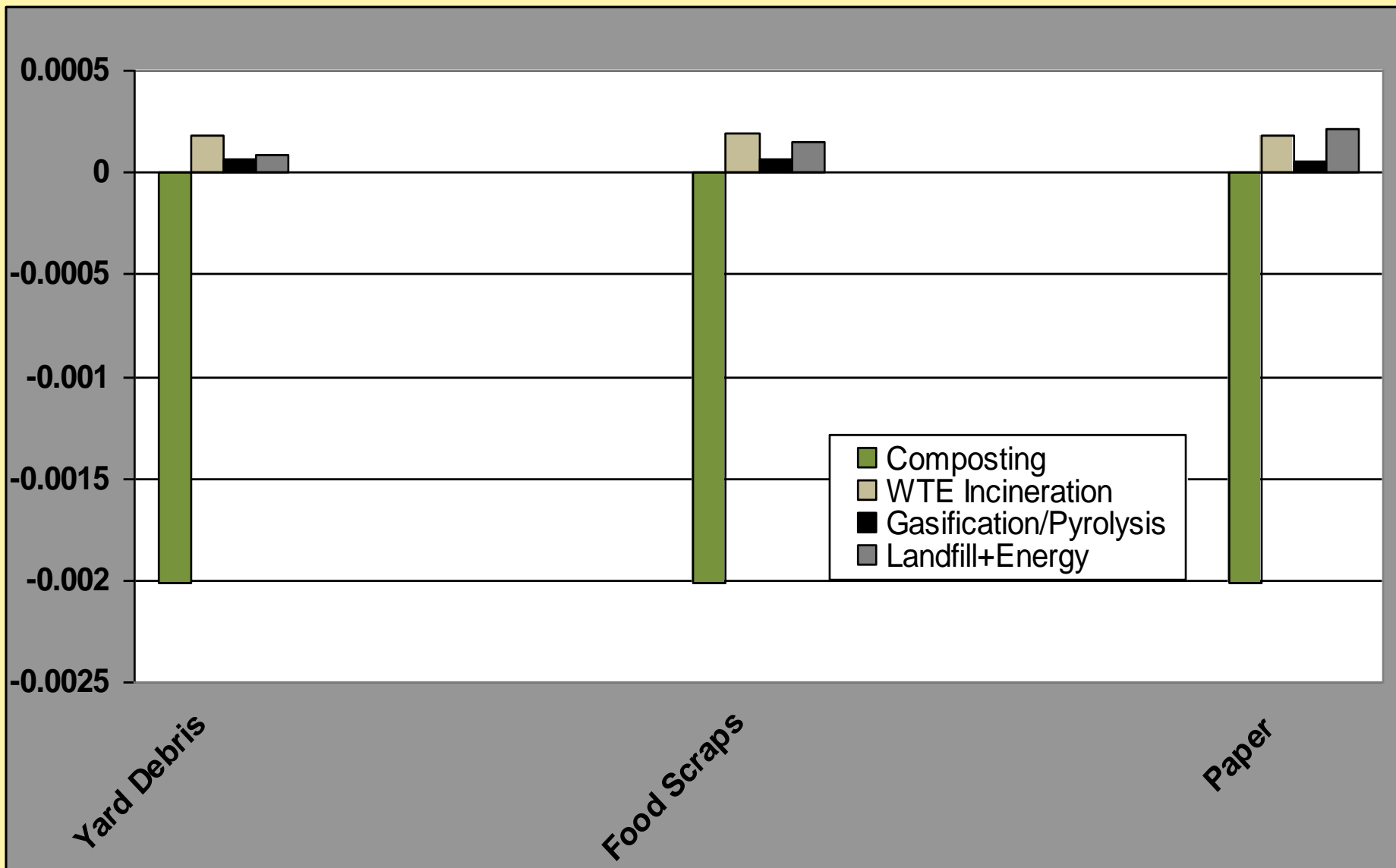
# Toxics Emissions: Composting vs. Disposal (tons eToluene/ton)



# Carcinogenic Emissions: Composting vs. Disposal (tons eBenzene/ton)



# EcoToxics Emissions: Composting vs. Disposal (tons e2,4-D/ton)





# Climate Cooling Benefits of Composting (from WA CEI)

- **Gasoline & Diesel:** capturing 100% of household compostable materials equivalent to 30% cut in household vehicle fuel & oil use.
- **Electricity:** capturing 100% of household compostable materials equivalent to 5% cut in household electricity use.
- **Meat & Dairy:** capturing 100% of household compostable materials equivalent to 50% cut in household meat and dairy consumption.



# Value of Pollution Reductions from Recycling & Composting

Discard Type	Environmental Value (US\$/ton)
Newspapers	\$328-332
Cardboard	424-449
Mixed Paper	156-178
Glass Containers	53-54
PET Plastics	578-646
HDPE Plastics	202-279
Other Plastics	202-279
Aluminum Cans	1,456
Ferrous Cans & Scrap	14-63
Food Scraps	59-97
Yard & Garden Debris	58-67
Compostable Paper	49-71



# Available Models

1. **ICLEI Clean Air Climate Protection (CACP)**  
([www.iclei-usa.org/action-center/tools/cacp-software](http://www.iclei-usa.org/action-center/tools/cacp-software))
2. **U.S. EPA Waste Reduction Model (WARM)**  
([www.epa.gov/climatechange/wycd/waste/calculators/Warm\\_home.html](http://www.epa.gov/climatechange/wycd/waste/calculators/Warm_home.html))
3. **Municipal Solid Waste Decision Support Tool (MSW-DST)**  
(Research Triangle Institute)
4. **Carnegie Mellon Economic Input-Output Life Cycle Assessment (EIO-LCA)** ([www.eiolca.net](http://www.eiolca.net))
5. **National Institute of Standard and Technology Building for Environmental and Economic Sustainability (BEES)**  
([www.bfri.nist.gov/oae/software/bees/model.html](http://www.bfri.nist.gov/oae/software/bees/model.html))
6. **U.S. EPA Tool for the Reduction and Assessment of Chemical and other Environmental Impacts (TRACI)**  
([www.epa.gov/nrmrl/std/sab/traci/](http://www.epa.gov/nrmrl/std/sab/traci/))
7. **Morris Environmental Benefits Calculator (MEBCALC)**  
(Sound Resource Management)
8. **National Recycling Coalition (NRC) Calculator** ([www.nrc-recycle.org](http://www.nrc-recycle.org))
9. **Northeast Recycling Council (NERC) Calculator** ([www.nerc.org](http://www.nerc.org))
10. **Consumer Environmental Index (CEI)** ([www.zerowaste.com](http://www.zerowaste.com))



# References

- Hendrickson, Chris T., L.B. Lave, H.S. Matthews, F.C. McMichael, H. MacLean, G. Cicas, D. Matthews, and J. Bergerson (2006). ***Environmental Life-Cycle Assessment of Goods and Services: An Input-Output Approach***. RFF Press, Washington, DC.
- Morawski, Clarissa, The New “Eco-Currency”: New model monetizes environmental benefits and reveals new cost savings in waste diversion, ***Solid Waste & Recycling***, December/January 2008.
- Morris, Jeffrey (1996). Recycling versus incineration: An energy conservation analysis, ***Journal of Hazardous Materials*** 47 277-293.
- Morris, Jeffrey (2005). Comparative LCAs for curbside recycling versus either landfilling or incineration with energy recovery, ***International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment*** 10(4) 273-284.
- Morris, Jeffrey, and Jennifer Bagby (2008). Measuring environmental value for natural lawn and garden care practices, ***International Journal of Life Cycle Assessment*** 13(3) 226-234.
- Sound Resource Management, The Washington State Consumer Environmental Index (CEI), prepared for the Washington State Department of Ecology, July 31, 2007.



**The End**  
**Thank you.**